School of Tomorrow

CSS Colors

## CSS Color Names

In CSS, a color can be specified by using a predefined color name:

Tomato OrangeDodgerBlueMediumSeaGreenGraySlateBlueVioletLightGray

CSS Text Color

You can set and style the color of text

**CSS text color practice 1**.

(save the CSS first)

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head>

<style>

h1 {color: green;}

p{ color: blue;}

</style>

</head>

<body>

<h1>Hello World </h1>

<p>This is an ordinary paragraph. Notice that this text is blue. The default text color for a page is defined in the body selector.</p>

<p>There are almost more than 144 predefined color choice. The text color is blue for this paragraph is because is already set in body selctor. </p>

</body>

</html>

**CSS text color practice 2.**

(save the CSS first)

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head>

<style>

h1 {color: red;}

h2 {color: olive;}

h3{color: DarkOrchid;}

p { color: brown ;}

</style>

</head>

<body>

<h1>China Industrial Growth</h1>

<p>Like most countries looking to develop their economies, China’s first step was to build up its heavy industry. Today, China is the world's leader in manufacturing and produces almost half of the world’s steel.</p>

<h2> China mining</h2>

<p>China’s mining industry extracts coal, iron ore, salt, oil, gas, and gold. To reduce China’s dependence on coal, the country is moving towards more renewable resources and plans to increase its natural gas use in the coming years. </P>

<h3> China Oil Reserve</h3>

<p>China also has multiple oil reserves, as well as natural gas deposits that have yet to be fully explored.</P>

<p>The country is also a good candidate for hydroelectricity production, and in 2012, the Three Gorges Dam was completed and is now a major producer of electricity for the southern cities of China. </P>

</body>

</html>